### 1. Familiarization with simple java programs

# a) Write a program to print NCr and Npr

### **Program description**

This program reads two numbers from the keyboard and prints value of combination and permutation of that numbers

#### **Theory**

```
/*
This is a simple Java program. Call this file "ncr npr.java".
class ner npr {
// Your program begins with a call to main().
public static void main(String args[]) {
           // read n and r from keyboard
           //call functions ncr and npr to find the result
public long factorial (int n){//find the factorial here}
public long ner (int n,int r){//return the value of combination}
public long npr (int n,int r){/return the value of permutation}
Refer the details of following instructions
use BufferedReader class to create a object which helps you to read data from the keyboard.
BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));
str = br.readLine();
one simple program
import java.io.*;
import java.lang.*;
public class Factorial{
           public static void main(String args[]){
                       int f=1,m,i;
                       BufferedReader br=new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));
           try
                       System.out.println("Enter the number");
                       m=Integer.parseInt(br.readLine());
                       System.out.println("Factorial of "+m+" is");
                       for(i=1;i \le m;i++)
                                   f=f*i;
                        {
                       System.out.println(f);
           catch(IOException e){
                       System.out.println("String not found"):
```

```
}
}
Algorithm
```

create a class ner epr

class ner npr has function main, function ner, fuction npr and function factorial

function fatorial have argument n and return the value of n!

function npr has 2 arguements n and r

npr return value of factorial(n)/factorial(n-r)

function ner has 2 arguements n and r

npr return value of factorial(n)/factorial(n-r)/factorial (r)

function main reads value of n and r from the keyboard and displays the value of npr and ncr function main calls function npr and ncr

### b) Write a program to print first n Fibonacci numbers

# **Program description**

This program takes value of n from keyboard and prints first n fibanocci numbers.

# **Theory**

```
/*
This is a simple Java program.
Call this file "Example.java".
*/
class Example {
// Your program begins with a call to main().
public static void main(String args[]) {
System.out.println("This is a simple Java program.");
}
}
```

# C:\>javac Example.java

The **javac** compiler creates a file called **Example.class** that contains the bytecode version of the program. As discussed earlier, the Java bytecode is the intermediate representation of your program that contains instructions the Java interpreter will execute. Thus, the output of **javac** is not code that can be directly executed.

To actually run the program, you must use the Java interpreter, called **java**. To do so, pass the class name **Example** as a command-line argument, as shown here:

C:\>java Example

When the program is run, the following output is displayed:

This is a simple Java program.

#### Algorithm

create a class fibanocci class fibanocci has function main, function fib function main reads value of n

# Familiarization with simple java programs

```
function main calls function fib
function fib(n)
    a=0,b=1,c;
    display a and b
    loop steps n-2 times
    c=a+b
    display c
    a=b
    b=c
    end loop
end function fib
```